Enfield Public Schools Language Arts- Grade 4

REVIEW PREVIOUS GRADE LEVEL LEARNER OUTCOMES AND SAMPLE INDICATORS/ASSESSMENTS

LEARNER OUTCOMES	SAMPLE INDICATORS/ASSESSMENTS
The student will know how to:	The student will be able to:
Reading Word Study 1. Use phonetic, structural, syntactical, and contextual clues to read and understand words.	 Know sounds for letter patterns common to multi-syllable or low frequency words,(e.g. ch as in machinery, chemistry, and chip). Know sounds and meanings for a wide range of suffixes and prefixes, including those relevant to specific content areas. Use context to read and understand words with more than one pronunciation,(e.g. an object vs. to object). Use letter-sound correspondence, structural analysis, and analogy to decode grade-appropriate unfamiliar words across all content areas.
2. Use metacognitive strategies before, during and after reading in order to construct meaning and enhance responses.	Use pre-reading activities to activate prior knowledge and establish purpose, (e.g. Direct Reading/Thinking Activity, KWL Chart, Anticipation Guide, response notebooks). Examine the text before reading and make predictions.

<u>During</u>

- Evaluate predictions and adjust as necessary.
- Use cueing system and context clues to determine meanings of words.
- Summarize information to maintain focus and monitor comprehension.
- Reread to clarify.
- Use text structure and format.

<u>After</u>

- Explain steps in a process, (e.g. problem solving in mathematics, life cycle of a butterfly).
- Summarize information, including main idea, most important text based facts, and details.
- Describe the components of setting (e.g., time, location, descriptive surroundings).
- Infer characteristics, setting, plot events, theme, conflict.

Comprehension

3. Construct meaning from text using comprehension strands.

Forming a General Understanding (CMT Strand A)

The reader will demonstrate understanding of the text's general content.

- Determine the main idea or theme (non-fiction/fiction) using evidence from the text.
- Explain why the author and/or illustrator chose this title and determine additional titles.
- Retell the main events and identify characters, settings, problems, solutions, and details.
- Identify details from text that support main idea or topic.
- Select and use relevant information from the text in order to summarize events and/or ideas in the text (fiction/nonfiction and poetry).
- Select, paraphrase and use relevant information from text to summarize orally and in writing.
- Identify an appropriate summary of a fiction or nonfiction text.
- Identify or infer important

characters, settings, problems, events, relationships, and details.

- Generate and respond to questions before, during and after reading (QAR-Question Answer Relationships).
- Label questions
- "right there" (*literal*)
- "think and search" (inferential)
- "author and you" (critical/interpretive)
- "on my own" (critical/interpretive)
- Apply context clues in completing cloze or DRP activities.
- Use context clues to determine meanings of unknown or multiple meaning words.

Developing an Interpretation (CMT Strand B)

The reader will interpret and/or explain the text.

- Identify and explain the elements of particular literary forms (e.g., poetry, short story, biography, journalistic writing, and narrative).
- Recognize organizational patterns of text, (e.g. main ideas and supporting details, compare/contrast, cause/effect, and sequence of events by using appropriate graphic organizers).
- Draw conclusions about author's purpose for including or omitting details in text.
- Use evidence from the text to draw and/or support a conclusion.
- Recognize the differences between a variety of genre and determine an author's purpose for choosing a certain genre. (fiction, nonfiction, realistic fiction, fantasy, poetry, informational selections, fables, folk tales, tall tales and fairy tales).
- Determine the difference between fact and opinion.
- Recognize and show the relationship between cause and effect.

 Use multiple texts to compare and contrast characters, settings, plots, themes, conflicts, and point of view.

- Determine character traits, using knowledge of the characters' situations.
- Identify and explain the difference between first-, second- and thirdperson point of view.

Making Reader/Text Connections (CMT Strand C)

The reader will connect or associate the text with one's own life.

Examining the Content and Structure (CMT Strand D)

The reader will elaborate on the text and make judgments about the text's quality and themes.

- Make connections between the text and outside experiences and knowledge.
- Select, synthesize, and/or use relevant information within the text to write a personal response to the text.
- Analyze how characters deal with diversity and adversity relating to real world situations.
- Identify the best/worst part of an event or situation in text.
- Analyze and evaluate the author's craft with focus on literary devices: humor, imagery, and use of interesting words (word choice), personification, simile, onomatopoeia, point of view, metaphor, and style.
- Select and/or use relevant information within a text to extend or evaluate the work(s).
- Recognize and identify an author's or character's values, ethics, and beliefs included in many text.
- Draw conclusions about the author's purpose.
- Make generalizations about a topic after reading more than one text (e.g., life during the Civil War after reading several informational/expository and literary/narrative accounts of this

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	historic period).
Fluency 4. Develop reading fluency (ability to read a text accurately, quickly, and with expression).	 Reread independent level text orally (choral reading, Reader's Theater, plays) with accuracy, expression, and appropriate phrasing and pacing. Read with increasing fluency and expression. Adjust reading rate to match text complexity, type of text and purpose for reading (e.g., skimming for facts, scanning for key words, and close/careful reading for understanding new or complex ideas). Read aloud while comprehending unpracticed text with fluency at 120-135+ words correct per minute.
Vocabulary 5. Develop vocabulary in order to construct meaning and enhance writing.	 Develop a high-frequency word vocabulary list from literary and content area texts.
	 Identify specific words or phrases causing comprehension difficulties and apply strategies to support comprehension. Explain common homophones, homographs, words with multiple meanings, and meanings of words specific to various content areas. Infer word meanings from common
	roots, prefixes, suffixes. • Use content vocabulary (math, music, art, science, social studies, etc.) appropriately and accurately. • Identify and use compound words, contractions, possessives, synonyms, and antonyms. • Use new vocabulary from
	informational/expository text and literary / narrative text, including text from a variety of cultures and

communities, in oral and written communication.

- Understand and respond to words in directions (e.g., mainly, briefly, evidence, support).
- Explain that some words have a different meaning in different content areas.
- Apply the necessary strategy, (e.g. Concept of Definition Map, Context Clues for Determining Word Meanings, List-Group-Label, Possible Sentences, Semantic Feature Analysis, Word Walls, Knowledge Rating Scale) to better comprehend vocabulary.

Reading Reflection / Behaviors

6. Demonstrate appropriate reflections and behaviors.

- Choose a variety of genres to read for personal enjoyment.
- Elicit, discuss, and respect the opinions of others about written, oral, and visual texts.
- Share opinions and judgments based on texts.
- Explain the appeal of a text.
- Identify reading strengths and weaknesses and select targets on which to work.

<u>Writing</u>

Writing Process

7. Generate a written piece of work.

Write in logically organized progression of unified paragraphs. Use a variety of transition words and phrases to make connections between and within paragraphs. Adjust voice to suit audience.

- Plan: Choose an appropriate written, oral, or visual format based on audience and purpose.
- Draft: Complete a draft demonstrating connections among ideas.
- Revise: Revise a completed draft, incorporating feedback from peers and teacher.
- Edit: Use multiple resources for proofreading and editing.
- Publish/Present: Publish and present final products in a variety of ways, including the arts and technology.
- Reflect: Critique one's own and a

peer's writing, using established criteria, (e.g., I improved on..., This piece demonstrates how well I elaborate.).

8. Write to a specific genre, trait, or craft.

- Descriptive: Write a descriptive anecdote within a narrative and expository piece to enhance elaboration.
- Narrative: Write a myth, legend, or fantasy piece, using literary devices, (e.g., personification, metaphor, hyperbole).
 - -Provide a specific account of an event.
 - -Write a personal narrative in own voice.
- Expository: Write a report with accurate use of appropriate text structure, (e.g., organization, transition, and sequence).
 -Write a news article with a strong lead and supporting detail.
- Persuasive: Write to persuade an to purchase a product or change a rule.

Poetic:

- -Write an imagery poem.
- -Write a cinquain poem.
- -Write a refrain poem.

Fluency:

- -Easy flow and rhythm using complete sentences in writing.
- -Write a variety of sentence beginnings.
- -Write a variety of sentence lengths.
- -Write a variety of sentence structures.

- 9. Edit written work for capitalization, punctuation, and spelling.
- Use capitalization, punctuation, and usage rules from previous grades.
- Capitalize important words in a title of a book or article.

- Capitalize abbreviations correctly.
- Use resources to correct capitalization.
- Indent paragraphs consistently.
- Cite sources, (e.g., list titles and authors alphabetically).
- Use comma to set off titles or initials.
- Use comma in complete address.
- Use comma after an introductory phrase, (e.g., After she went to the movie, she wanted to read the book.).
- Use italics, underlining, or quotation marks for titles.
- Use colon after greeting in a business letter.
- Use hyphen between syllables at line breaks.
- Use single/plural agreement between nouns and modifiers, (e.g., one child and two children).
- Logically use conjunctions.
- Use correct placement of pronouns.
- Use correct comparative and superlative forms correctly, (e.g., small, smaller, smallest).
- Use resources to find correct spelling for words identified as misspelled. (e.g., electronic spellers, dictionaries, personal dictionaries).
- Use spelling rules and patterns from previous grades.
- Spell grade-appropriate words taught as part of the curriculum across content areas (Affixes:-en,in,-on,-an at end of words, rules such as -ge after long vowel, -dge after short vowel).
- Spell words involving previously studied generalizations and word patterns, and words taught as part of the fourth grade spelling curriculum.
- Spell high-frequency words correctly.
- Spell common homophones.

	Apply spelling knowledge in writing.
Listening/Speaking/Viewing	
10. Use oral language with clarity, voice and fluency to communicate a message.	 Speak in a clear voice with fluency to communicate an accurate message (e.g., present dramatic interpretations of experiences, stories, poems, plays, directions). Elicit, discuss, and respect the opinions of others about written, oral and visual texts. Share experiences, feelings and ideas clearly and fluently. Pose questions, listen to the ideas of others, and contribute own information and ideas in group discussions. Use effective communication skills: eye contact, turn taking, topic maintenance, tone, intonation, focus. Make oral presentations that show appropriate consideration of audience, purpose, and information to be conveyed. Use volume, pitch, phrasing, pace, modulation and gestures to enhance meaning. Read aloud with expression and fluency.
11. Listen to, read and follow directions.	Retell directions and complete and/or perform a task.
12. Use audio/video and mass media to increase subject knowledge and influence speaking and writing.	Use technological resources to enhance reading and writing.
Study Skills/Test Taking Strategies	
13. Use study and reference skills.	Identify and use: glossary, table of contents, index, headings, bold face

print, chapter titles, dictionary skills, illustrations, graphics, diagrams, tables, graphs, pronunciation key, encyclopedias, maps and charts.

Use media center resources.

14. Use test taking strategies.

Multiple Choice Items:

- Read question stems before reading the passage (pre-organizer for ideas).
- Use "Look-Back" or "Reread" Strategy to confirm information.
- Watch for negative words (e.g., *not*, *none*, *no*).
- Watch for "signal words" (e.g., first, next, then, last).
- Read through all answer options before choosing.
- Try to eliminate two answer options.

Open-ended Items:

- Identify each component of the task (parts: 1,2,3).
- Address each component of the task.
- Organize/jot down immediate ideas, make a graphic organizer.
- Reword the question to begin a response (TTQA, Echo the question, and RAESM).
- Use details from the passage (supporting evidence).
- Reread answer for clarity and completeness.